17202

13141 2 Hours / 50 Marks

Seat No.

Instructions : (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.

- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (6) Use of Non-Programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

1. Attempt any NINE :

- (a) State three equations of motion with usual meaning of symbol used.
- (b) If a body of mass 25 kg changes velocity of 20 m/s to 25 m/s, calculate the impulse acting on the body.
- (c) State Newton's third law of motion. Give one example.
- (d) Define (i) centripetal force (ii) centrifugal force
- (e) State any two properties of Ultrasonic Waves.
- (f) State seeback effect
- (g) Define Neutral temperature and Inversion temperature.
- (h) State Planck's Hypothesis.
- (i) State any two applications of photoelectric cell.
- (j) State any two properties of X-rays.
- (k) State the principle of production of X-rays.
- (l) Give the full form of LASER.

Marks

18

17202

2. Attempt any FOUR :

- (a) A bullet of mass 80 gm is fired with a velocity of 300 m/s from a gun of mass 8 kg. Find the velocity with which the gun will recoil.
- (b) Define :
 - (i) Trajectory
 - (ii) Angle of projection
 - (iii) Maximum height of projectile
 - (iv) Time of flight
- (c) With neat labelled diagram, explain Piezo-electric method to produce ultrasonic waves.
- (d) State four advantages of NDT method.
- (e) With neat diagrams and procedural steps, explain LPT method.
- (f) A motor cycle with 20 cm wheel diameter has an angular velocity of 40 rad/sec. Calculate its Linear Velocity.

3. Attempt any FOUR :

- (a) Define Thermo-emf. State the factors on which it depends.
- (b) State (i) Peltier effect (ii) Joules effect
- (c) The Photo-electric work function of certain metal is 5×10^{-19} Joules. Calculate its threshold frequency and threshold wavelength. Plancks constant is 6.625×10^{-34} J.S.
- (d) With neat labelled diagram, describe production of X-rays by using Modern Coolidge Tube.
- (e) State the four properties of LASER.
- (f) A body starting from rest is moving with uniform acceleration. If it gains a velocity of 72 km/hr in 10 seconds, find its acceleration and the distance travelled in 6 seconds.

16